

Section 1 History, Examination and Common Investigations

1. Taking a history
2. The examination
3. Further investigations

Section 2 The Patient Presents With

2A NEUROLOGY

4. Neurological Emergencies
 5. Disturbances of consciousness
 6. Disorders of higher cerebral function
 7. Headache
 8. Disorders of smell and taste
 9. Facial sensory loss and weakness
 10. Deafness, tinnitus, dizziness and vertigo
 11. Dysarthria, dysphonia and dysphagia
 12. Cerebellar dysfunction
 13. Movement disorders
 14. Limb weakness
 15. Limb sensory symptoms
 16. Disorders of gait
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17. The red, painful eye
 18. Gradual change in vision
 19. Sudden change in vision
 20. Eyelid problems and the bulging eye

Section 3 Diseases and Disorders

21. Dementia
22. Epilepsy
23. Parkinson disease and other extrapyramidal disorders
24. Diseases affecting the spinal cord (myelopathy)
25. Motor neurone disease
26. Radiculopathy and plexopathy
27. Disorders of the peripheral nerves
28. Disorders of the neuromuscular junction
29. Disorders of skeletal muscle
30. Vascular diseases of the nervous system
31. Neuro-oncology
32. Infections of the nervous system
33. Multiple sclerosis
34. The effects of vitamin deficiencies and toxins on the nervous system
35. Autoimmune conditions affecting the nervous system
36. Hereditary conditions affecting the nervous system
37. Functional neurological disorders
38. Adnexal (eyelids, lacrimal system and orbit)
39. Anterior segment (cornea and cataract)
40. Glaucoma
41. Retina
42. Medical ophthalmology and uveitis
43. Neuro-ophthalmology

Self-Assessment

- OSCEs and Short Clinical Cases
- High Yield Associations and SBAs
- Glossary