

Contents

Foreword *xiii*

Preface *xv*

Acknowledgements *xvii*

About the Author *xix*

About the Contributors *xix*

About the Companion Website *xxi*

- 1 The Boundaries of the Abdomen** *1*
- 1.1 Introduction *1*
 - 1.2 The Diaphragm *1*
 - 1.3 The Layers of the Abdominal Wall *2*
 - 1.3.1 The skin *2*
 - 1.3.2 The subcutaneous fascia *2*
 - 1.3.3 The rectus abdominis muscle *2*
 - 1.3.4 External abdominal oblique muscle *3*
 - 1.3.5 Internal abdominal oblique muscle *5*
 - 1.3.6 Transverse abdominal muscle *6*
 - 1.3.7 Retroperitoneal fascia *7*
 - 1.3.8 Parietal peritoneum *8*
 - 1.4 The Sheath of the Rectus Abdominis Muscle *8*
 - 1.5 Clinical Importance of the Ventral Body Wall *8*
 - 1.6 The Inguinal Canal *9*
 - 1.7 Hernias *11*
 - 1.7.1 Inguinal hernia *11*
 - 1.7.2 Umbilical hernia *11*
 - 1.7.3 Perineal hernia *11*
 - 1.7.4 Diaphragmatic hernia *12*
 - 1.7.5 Post-operative hernia *12*
- 2 Gastrointestinal Function** *13*
- 2.1 Introduction *13*
 - 2.2 Functions of the Alimentary Tract *13*
 - 2.2.1 Transport of food *13*
 - 2.2.2 Physical treatment of food *14*
 - 2.2.3 Chemical treatment of food *14*
 - 2.2.4 Absorption *15*

- 2.3 Regions of the Alimentary Tract 15
- 2.4 Clinical Conditions Affecting Gastrointestinal Function 17

3 The Mesenteries, Ligaments and Omenta 19

- 3.1 The Greater Omentum 19
- 3.2 The Clinical Significance of the Greater Omentum 20
- 3.3 The Lesser Omentum 20
- 3.4 Ligaments 20
 - 3.4.1 Abdominal ligaments 21
 - 3.4.2 Pelvic ligaments 21
 - 3.4.3 Pelvic ligaments – female 21
 - 3.4.4 Pelvic ligaments – male 22

4 The Stomach 23

- 4.1 Overview of the Mammalian Stomach 23
- 4.2 Species Variations 23
 - 4.2.1 Horse 23
 - 4.2.2 Ox 25
 - 4.2.3 Sheep 26
 - 4.2.4 Pig 27
 - 4.2.5 Dog 27
- 4.3 Clinical Conditions 28
 - 4.3.1 Horse 28
 - 4.3.2 Ox 28
 - 4.3.3 Sheep 28
 - 4.3.4 Pig 29
 - 4.3.5 Dog 29

5 The Small Intestines 31

- 5.1 Duodenum, Jejunum and Ileum 31
- 5.2 Species Variations 32
 - 5.2.1 Horse 32
 - 5.2.2 Ox 33
 - 5.2.3 Sheep 34
 - 5.2.4 Pig 34
 - 5.2.5 Dog 34
- 5.3 Clinical Conditions 36
 - 5.3.1 Horse 36
 - 5.3.2 Ox 36
 - 5.3.3 Sheep 36
 - 5.3.4 Pig 36
 - 5.3.5 Dog 36

6 The Large Intestine 39

- 6.1 Overview 39

- 6.2 Species Variations 39
 - 6.2.1 Horse 39
 - 6.2.2 Ox 41
 - 6.2.3 Sheep 42
 - 6.2.4 Pig 42
 - 6.2.5 Dog 43
- 6.3 Clinical Conditions 43

- 7 The Liver and Pancreas 45**
 - 7.1 The Liver 45
 - 7.2 Anatomy of the Liver 45
 - 7.3 Histology of the Liver 46
 - 7.4 The Gall Bladder 46
 - 7.5 Species Variations 47
 - 7.5.1 Horse 47
 - 7.5.2 Ruminants 47
 - 7.5.3 Pig 48
 - 7.5.4 Dog and Cat 49
 - 7.6 The Pancreas 49
 - 7.7 Clinical Conditions of the Liver and Pancreas 49

- 8 Arteries of the Abdomen and Pelvis 51**
 - 8.1 The Branches of the Abdominal Aorta 51
 - 8.1.1 Coeliac artery 52
 - 8.1.2 Cranial mesenteric artery 53
 - 8.1.3 Phrenicoabdominal arteries 54
 - 8.1.4 Renal arteries 54
 - 8.1.5 Lumbar segmental arteries 55
 - 8.1.6 Gonadal arteries 55
 - 8.1.7 Caudal mesenteric artery 55
 - 8.1.8 Deep circumflex iliac arteries 55
 - 8.1.9 External iliac arteries 55
 - 8.1.10 Internal iliac arteries 55
 - 8.2 Species Variations 56

- 9 Veins of the Abdomen and Pelvis 57**
 - 9.1 Tributaries of the Caudal Vena Cava 57
 - 9.1.1 Deep circumflex iliac veins 57
 - 9.1.2 Lumbar veins 57
 - 9.1.3 The gonadal veins 58
 - 9.1.4 Renal veins 58
 - 9.1.5 Phrenicoabdominal veins 58
 - 9.1.6 Hepatic veins 59
 - 9.1.7 Phrenic veins 59
 - 9.2 The Hepatic Portal Vein 59

- 9.3 The Mammary Glands 59
 - 9.3.1 Species variations 60

- 10 Lymphatics and the Spleen 63**
 - 10.1 The Lymphatic System 63
 - 10.2 The Spleen 64
 - 10.3 Species Variations 64
 - 10.3.1 Horse 64
 - 10.3.2 Ruminants 66
 - 10.3.3 Pig 66
 - 10.3.4 Carnivore 66
 - 10.3.5 Whale 66
 - 10.4 Clinical Conditions Affecting the Lymphatic System 66

- 11 The Nerves of the Abdomen and Pelvis 69**
 - 11.1 General Somatic Afferent Neurons 69
 - 11.2 General Visceral Afferent Neurons 69
 - 11.3 General Somatic Efferent Neurons 70
 - 11.4 General Visceral Efferent Neurons 70
 - 11.4.1 Sympathetic motor pathways 70
 - 11.4.2 The prevertebral ganglia 73
 - 11.4.3 Sympathetic transmitter substances 74
 - 11.4.4 Pain pathways from the abdominal viscera 74
 - 11.4.5 Parasympathetic motor pathways 74
 - 11.5 Clinical Conditions 75
 - 11.6 Regional Anaesthesia 77
 - 11.6.1 Paravertebral anaesthesia 77
 - 11.6.2 Pudendal nerve block 77

- 12 The Kidneys 79**
 - 12.1 Nitrogenous Excretion 79
 - 12.2 Gross Anatomy of the Kidneys 80
 - 12.3 Species Variations 81
 - 12.3.1 Horse 81
 - 12.3.2 Ox 82
 - 12.3.3 Sheep 82
 - 12.3.4 Pig 82
 - 12.3.5 Dog/cat 82
 - 12.4 Clinical Conditions of the Kidneys of the Domestic Mammals 82
 - 12.5 Urinary Bladder and Urethra 83
 - 12.6 Adrenal Gland 83
 - 12.6.1 The blood supply of the adrenal gland 84

- 13 The Ovaries and Ovarian Bursae 85**
 - 13.1 The Ovary 85
 - 13.2 Species Variations 86

- 13.2.1 Mare 86
- 13.2.2 Cow 87
- 13.2.3 Ewe 87
- 13.2.4 Sow 87
- 13.2.5 Bitch 87
- 13.2.6 Queen 88
- 13.3 The Ovarian Bursa 88
- 13.4 The Uterine Tube, also called the Fallopian Tube or the Oviduct 88

14 The Uterus, Uterine Tube, Vestibule and Vagina 89

- 14.1 The Uterine Cornu 89
 - 14.1.1 Species variations 89
- 14.2 The Body of the Uterus 92
- 14.3 The Pregnant Uterus 93
 - 14.3.1 Species variations 93
- 14.4 Placentation 94
 - 14.4.1 The foetal membranes 95
- 14.5 The Cervix Uteri 95
 - 14.5.1 Species variations 95
- 14.6 The Vagina 96
- 14.7 The Vestibule 97
 - 14.7.1 Species variations 98
- 14.8 Clinical Conditions 99

15 The Mammalian Penis 101

- 15.1 The Penis 101
- 15.2 Erectile Tissue 101
 - 15.2.1 Corpus spongiosum penis 101
 - 15.2.2 Corpus cavernosum penis 102
- 15.3 The Muscles of the Penis 102
 - 15.3.1 Retractor penis muscle 102
 - 15.3.2 Ischiocavernosus muscle 102
 - 15.3.3 Bulbospongiosus muscle 102
- 15.4 The Blood Supply and Venous Drainage of the Penis 103
- 15.5 Species Variations of the Penis 103
 - 15.5.1 Horse 103
 - 15.5.2 Ox 104
 - 15.5.3 Sheep 105
 - 15.5.4 Pig 107
 - 15.5.5 Dog 109
 - 15.5.6 Cat 110
- 15.6 The Prepuce 110
 - 15.6.1 The muscles of the prepuce 111
 - 15.6.2 The blood supply of the prepuce 111
 - 15.6.3 Species variations of the prepuce 111

16	The Testes	113
16.1	The Anatomy of the Testes	113
16.2	Species Variations	113
16.3	The Scrotum	113
16.4	The Tissue Layers of the Testes and Scrotum	115
16.5	The Blood Supply and Drainage of the Testes	117
16.6	The Epididymis	118
16.7	Species Variations	118
16.7.1	Horse	118
16.7.2	Ruminant	118
16.7.3	Pig	118
16.7.4	Dog	118
16.8	The Descent of the Testes	118
16.9	Induction of Testicular Descent	121
17	The Accessory Sex Glands	123
17.1	The Accessory Glands	123
17.2	Prostate Gland	123
17.2.1	Species variations	123
17.3	Vesicular Glands	124
17.3.1	Species variations	124
17.4	Ampulla of the Ductus Deferens	125
17.5	Bulbourethral Glands	125
17.6	Clinical Conditions of the Accessory Glands	125
17.7	Anal Glands	125
18	Diagnostic Imaging of the Abdomen	127
18.1	Radiographic Anatomy	127
18.2	Specific Organs	128
18.2.1	The stomach	128
18.2.2	The spleen	129
18.2.3	The liver	129
18.2.4	The intestines	129
18.2.5	The kidneys	130
18.2.6	Urinary bladder	132
18.2.7	Urethra and prostate gland	132
18.3	Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI)	132
18.4	Computed Tomography	133
18.5	Ultrasonography	133
18.6	Diagnostic Imaging in Equine Patients	135
18.7	Diagnostic Imaging in Farm Animals	137
18.8	Laparoscopy in Dogs and Cats	139
	Appendix	141
	Bibliography	147
	Index	149